

HOBIT CLINICAL STANDARDIZATION GUIDELINES

SUBJECT RANDOMIZED TO: STUDY COORDINATOR CONTACT:

ELEVATED ICP

DEFINED AS > 22 mmHg FOR GREATER THAN 15 MINUTES

TIER 1 INTERVENTIONS

Elevate head of bed ≥ 30°

Drain CSF

Analgesia/sedation PRN

Hyperosmolar therapy

Mild hyperventilation (PaCO2 goal 35-40 mmHg)

Complete Tier 1 within 30-60 minutes, if ICP ≥ 22

mmHg proceed to Tier 2

TIER 2 INTERVENTIONS

Continued hyperosmolar therapy

Chemical paralysis

PaCO2 goal of 30-35 mmHg, as long as brain hypox- ia is not encountered

Complete Tier 2 within 30-60 minutes, if ICP ≥ 22 mmHg proceed to Tier 3

TIER 3 INTERVENTIONS

Decompressive craniectomy

Anesthetic coma (barbituraes/propofol)

Cerebral Perfusion
Pressure (CPP) of
≥60-mmHg should be
maintained

(CPP = MAP-ICP)

Measures to improve the CPP in the euvolemic subject in whom measures to decrease intracranial pressure have not been effective:

- Neosynephrine infusion
- Other vasoactive adjuncts
- Do not push the CPP greater than 70 mmHg.
- Spontaneous elevations of CPP greater than 70 mmHg are acceptable and should not be actively lowered.

HEMODYNAMIC GOALS

· MAP ≥ 70 mmHg

CPP ≥ 60 mmHg

Brain tissue PO₂ ≥ 20 mmHg

· ICP < 22 mmHg